

THE LEXINGTON WEEKLY CAUCASIAN—AUGUST 1, 1866.

The Weekly Caucasian.

BUTTER COULDNT A FOUND.

Ans.—“Who will care for Mother now?”

See the little sick and hairy.

Passes through and them growing,

And singles leaves in the wood.

Tell me, if I may tell myself,

As you passed every cow,

Will you tell me?

Am I to stand the minkies? Your mother,

She is the name of all to dress,

In the name of all to dress,

Who can pay for butter now?

Cooks around the markets, we, &c.

On a poor soul to stand in gray,

Thus making all the greater mess,

But will they keep it strict?

It is the first time ever,

Set up a private cow,

Who will pay for butter now?

**Letter from “Gen.” Cooley—Verbatim et Literatim.**

From the Independence Messenger.

LEXINGTON, Mo., June 28, 1866.  
Moses T. L. Brown, Capt., Rodriguez,  
Capt., Madier, The Major and other  
Bachelors.

GENTLEMEN: I have forwarded to your paper for publication, my announcement as a candidate for Congress from this (the 6th) Congressional District. I am induced to do this course for the following reasons. First, Had there been a full and free expression of the Radical Union men of the district at the last Congressional Convention I would not have received the nomination and owing to this fact, a fact which our friends know as well as myself, I was urged by them to make the race against the nominees, this I absolutely refused to do, because I knew if I did so, I would be instrumental in electing a Copperhead Conservative to Congress. I wished to keep the party in tact, and elect the candidate who had the nomination. After Col. Van Horn's nomination, I once wrote him that I had been urged to make the race as an independent candidate, and asked him what he thought. He responded to his wishes and nominated favorably, would be to the best of it, treating them with a degree of courtesy. I have the honor to be gentlemen, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

F. COOLEY.

African Suffrage.

Is the Radical party in favor of making the negroes voters? We believe so, and we propose to prove it. In the Missouri Compromises of 1850, there is a long dispatch from Jefferson City, giving an account of a convention composed of an majority of the Radical Unionists of both houses of the General Assembly. The census, it would seem, was manipulated by the Governor, and engineered by Hume, Dyer, Langhorne and others. The object of the census was to condemn President Johnson, who had just vetoed the Freedmen's Bureau Bill, and the action taken may therefore be regarded as the solemn deliberate conviction of Missouri Radicalism on a question of vital importance to white men. The following resolutions, says the dispatch, passed without a dissenting voice:

Resolved, That the true basis and spirit of our Government precludes the idea that races or color should constitute the basis to equal, civil and political rights.

Resolved, That the confidence entertained in the integrity and capacity of the Radical Union members of the National Congress, gives the highest assurance that in conformity to the loyal element of the country they will enact wise and efficient laws as a basis for the reconstruction of governments for the States lately in rebellion, embodying the idea of equality before the law.

Resolved, That we hereby instruct our Senators, and request our Representatives in Congress to devote their best energies to give shape and force by legislation, at the earliest period consistent with the public interest, to the principles here expressed.

True, etc., etc. This last resolution discloses the true basis and spirit of our rebellion system of government, and it substantially affirms that no State is rebellious or free, which omits to let negroes vote. The word, clause in the second resolution is intended no doubt for sentiment. Thus convicted, or unconvicted, this resolution shows that the Radicals of Missouri want the Radicals in Congress to conform to the “loyal element,” or sentiment in the first resolution as a basis for reconstruction in the South. In other words, no State lately in rebellion, shall have equality in the Union so long as she refuses to let negroes vote. —See Progress.

Encouraging Prospects.

As to the future, I assure you I have been all over that part of the country which is assigned to me, and have never yet during any part of my history seen the like signs of progress. The people are well dressed, the houses neatly furnished, the tables as sumptuously spread and, too, away out on the plains of Kansas, where six years ago it required an escort of two or three hundred men to guard an officer going to pay off a garrison, and now I can go with a single horse away out of the limits of Kansas to Colorado without an escort, and that, too, in the midst of a long and terrible war.

We find the above in Gen. Sherman's 4th of July Oration, Salem, Ill. The reference of the General to the prosperity of Kansas—where “the people are well dressed, the houses well furnished, the tables as sumptuously spread” is a picture to the mind of the old settlers of the border counties of Missouri, a picture of their ancient prosperity, before

the red-legs came down like waves on the soil.

It is notorious fact that since the depopulation of those counties by Gen. Ewing, that Kansas citizens came with their carts and wagons, and loaded up the furniture and valuables of citizens of Missouri, and hauled them off under guard of U. S. soldiers! Gen. Sherman ought to have told the whole secret of this prosperity of which he boasts so loudly, and the world would know how Kansas—poor, bleeding Kansas—acquired her wealth. We hope the General will not forget to give this “over true tale” in full at his next meeting of Radical concomitants.—Glasgow Times.

A young physician of Atlanta is being put through a course of law for failing to cure a case of small pox as he had promised.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

An Agricultural Society has been formed in Carroll county, with capital of \$25,000. Lots in Liverpool are valued at 470 per acre.

We are to have a negro college in Jefferson City. Hope old Thaddeus will be appointed as president.

The Agricultural Fair of Richmond will be held on the 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d days of September.

So far we hear that the Germans have brought the property of Messrs. Christian and Weller on Franklin street, with a view to converting it into a school house. The location is a good one for that purpose.

IMPROVING—Messrs. Waddell, McNamee & Co., are having a new iron front put into their store, which will very much improve it, and enable the gentleman to show their goods to a far better advantage.

COLONIAL—Mr. Hayes, in the basement of the Presbyterian Church, having engaged a German teacher, a fine opportunity is offered to those parents who wish to have their children taught in that language.

DESTITUTE—The law provides that any one taking down a dwelling, a printed bill must be posted, for which it costs 10 cents, which will be paid by the master of the house.

THE FARMERS—The Register in Calaway county are Conservative, and four of them are Radicals. Thomas Ainsel is Supervisor.

Rev. Andrew House, of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, preached at Glasgow last Sunday. The reverend gentleman has been a presiding elder for forty years.

The Military Committee of the United States Senate have reported in favor of allowing full-bounds to the Missouri State Militia. The bill has not yet passed.

Young, July 25.—Gen. Shepley having declined his appointment to the Hague, the name of Gen. Dix was sent to the Senate and confirmed.

It is reported that the Quaker steamer will be withdrawn from Boston on the termination of their postal contract, and run from Liverpool to Halifax and New York.

The congregation of Israelites in this city, we notice, have commenced the erection of a fine Synagogue on the corner of Sixth and Sixth streets.—[See Van Dine.]

A negro man who formerly belonged to Wm. Henderson of Carroll county, was drowned last Sunday, while bathing in the Mississippi river.

The total exports of the Boone County Fair for the past year, including oranges and silks of the south, amounted to \$1,671,311.—[See Fair.]

The celebrated race horse Asteroid has recovered from the indisposition which caused him to be thrown out of training and has been put in training again for the fall races.

Mr. George C. Vandeneleer, of Sugartown, Carroll county, harvested the present season, from a five-acre field of wheat, an average of forty-six and a half bushels of wheat to the acre.

THE FAIR—The great people of Dover township, determined not to be outstripped in the good work of charity, have adopted, as a very ready means of getting at the contributions of all classes disposed to assist in the alleviation of suffering at the South, the plan of printed captions, to be circulated extensively, on which the donor is entitled with such articles as he may give, be it in bacon, wheat, corn, or such articles as can be converted into money. The executive committee consists of Messrs. P. M. Graw, Mark Waddell, and Jas. Parker.

OLIVER HOWL—We offer the following, from the editor of the Standard, which, having been purchased from the publisher in price, we are prepared to sell at a still lower.

DRY GOODS, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

GROCERIES, FLOR. &c., &c., which, having been purchased from the publisher in price, we are prepared to sell at a still lower.

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DEFERRED LOCALS.

Hannibal's radical demands, here through their organ, that the negro shall not vote. In Waukesha, the party, in the same way demand that the negro shall vote.

Dr. Davies—H. C. Wallace, Esq., declines the race for the Legislature, before the first, except Col. J. B. Terry, who has declined a race for office this “cheated” term.

So far we hear that the Germans have brought the property of Mr. Christian and Weller on Franklin street, with a view to converting it into a school house. The location is a good one for that purpose.

IMPROVING—Messrs. Waddell, McNamee & Co., are having a new iron front put into their store, which will very much improve it, and enable the gentleman to show their goods to a far better advantage.

COLONIAL—Mr. Hayes, in the basement of the Presbyterian Church, having engaged a German teacher, a fine opportunity is offered to those parents who wish to have their children taught in that language.

JOHN H. ARDINGER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, &c., &c.

COURTY HOUSE BLOCK, LEXINGTON, Mo., July 23, 1866.

E. VAN GUILDER

W. F. KELLOGG & CO.

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